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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/635,401	08/06/2003	Cornelis F. Van Egmond	2003B081	8593
23455	7590 02/23/2005		EXAM	INER
EXXONMOBIL CHEMICAL COMPANY			CHEUNG, WILLIAM K	
5200 BAYWAY DRIVE P.O. BOX 2149 BAYTOWN, TX 77522-2149			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1713	*

DATE MAILED: 02/23/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summan	10/635,401	VAN EGMOND ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	William K Cheung	1713				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appreciate for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	i6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 No	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 November 2004.					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.					
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closed in accordance with the practice under E.	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	33 O.G. 213.				
Disposition of Claims		•				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-131</u> is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-131</u> is/are rejected.	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-131</u> is/are rejected.					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).				
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).				
 Certified copies of the priority documents 	s have been received.					
2. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application	on No				
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior	•	ed in this National Stage				
application from the International Bureau	* **					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	or the certified copies not receive	a.				
Attachment(s)	Λ □ (-4 5 6	(DTO 442)				
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date <u>080603</u> .	5) Notice of Informal Pa	atent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

Information Disclosure Statement

1. The information disclosure statement filed August 6, 2003 fails to comply with 37 CFR 1.98(a)(2), which requires a legible copy of each cited foreign patent document; each non-patent literature publication or that portion which caused it to be listed; and all other information or that portion which caused it to be listed. It has been placed in the application file, but the information referred to therein has not been considered. Further, copending applications listed in IDS are not prior art.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 4. Claims 1-131 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Janssen et al. (US 6,121,503).

The invention of claims 1-29 relates to a **propylene-containing composition**, comprising:

- (a) at least 95 volume percent propylene;
- (b) at least 0.5 volume percent propane;
- (c) at least 10 vppm ethane;
- (d) at least 1 vppm ethylene; and
- (e) from 0.5 to 2 vppm dimethyl ether.

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The invention of claims 30-37 relates to a **propylene-containing composition**, comprising:

- (a) at least 95 volume percent propylene;
- (b) from 0.5 to about 5 volume percent propane;
- (c) at least 0.02 vppm C4+ hydrocarbons;
- (d) at least 0.01 vppm methanol; and
- (e) from 0.5 vppm to 2 vppm dimethyl ether.

The invention of claims 38-46 relates to a **propylene-containing composition**, comprising:

- (a) at least 95 volume percent propylene;
- (b) from 0.5 to about 5 volume percent propane;
- (c) at least 10 vppm ethane;
- (d) at least 0.05 vppm acetylene; and
- (e) from 0.5 to 2 vppm dimethyl ether.

The invention of claims 47-55 relates to a **propylene-containing composition**, comprising:

- (a) at least 95 volume percent propylene;
- (b) from 0.5 to about 5 volume percent propane;
- (c) at least 10 vppm ethane;

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(d) at least 0.02 vppm C4+ hydrocarbons; and

(e) from 0.5 to 2 vppm dimethyl ether.

The invention of claims 56-64 relates to a **propylene-containing composition**, comprising:

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- (a) at least 95 volume percent propylene;
- (b) from 0.5 to about 5 volume percent propane;
- (c) at least 0.01 vppm water;
- (d) at least 0.01 vppm methanol; and
- (e) from 0.5 to 2 vppm dimethyl ether.

The invention of claims 65-99 relates to a **propylene-containing composition**, wherein **the composition is formed by a process** comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting an oxygenate with a molecular sieve catalyst in a reactor under conditions effective to form an effluent stream comprising propylene, propane, ethylene, dimethyl ether and ethane;
- (b) separating the effluent stream in a first separation unit into a first fraction and a second fraction, wherein the first fraction contains a majority of the ethane, ethylene and propylene, and wherein the second fraction contains a majority of the dimethyl ether; and
- (c) separating at least a portion of the first fraction into a third fraction and the propylene-containing composition, wherein the third fraction contains a majority of the

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ethylene and ethane present in the at least a portion of the first fraction, and wherein the propylene-containing composition comprises at least 95 volume percent propylene, at least 0.5 volume percent propane, at least 10 vppm ethane, at least 1 vppm ethylene, and from 0.5 to 2 vppm dimethyl ether.

The invention of claims 100-131 relates to a propylene-containing composition, wherein the composition is formed by a process comprising the steps of:

- (a) contacting an oxygenate with a molecular sieve catalyst in a reactor under conditions effective to form an effluent stream comprising **propylene**, **propane**, **ethylene**, **DME** and **ethane**;
- (b) separating the effluent stream in a first separation unit into a first fraction and a second fraction, wherein the first fraction contains a majority of the ethane and ethylene, and wherein the second fraction contains a majority of the DME, propane and propylene; and
- (c) separating at least a portion of the second fraction into the propylene-containing composition and a third fraction wherein the propylene-containing composition comprises at least 95 volume percent propylene, at least 0.5 volume percent propane, at least 10 vppm ethane, at least 1 vppm ethylene, and from 0.5 to 2 vppm DME, and wherein the third fraction contains a majority of the propane and DME present in the second fraction.

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Janssen et al. (abstract; col. 2, line 26-40; col. 12, claims 1-7) disclose polypropylene resin compositions comprising 95 to 99.5 percent of propylene and 1 to 5 percent or lower of propane. Although Janssen et al. are silent on the type and the amount of impure ingredients in the disclosed polypropylene, in view of the substantially identical oxygenate feed starting material and processing conditions (col. Col. 3, line 25 to col. 5, line 40; col. 8, line 56 to col. 12, line 16), the examiner has a reasonable basis to believe that the claimed specific range amount of impurities such as ethane, ethylene, dimethyl ether, acetylene, methyl acetylene, propadiene, C4+ hydrocarbons, methanol, water, hydrogen, arsine, phosphine are inherently possessed in Janssen et al. Since the PTO does not have proper means to conduct experiments, the burden of proof is now shifted to applicants to show otherwise. In re Best, 562 F.2d 1252, 195 USPQ 430 (CCPA 1977); In re Fitzgerald, 205 USPQ 594 (CCPA 1980).

Regarding claims 65-131 which claim a propylene-containing composition formed by a process, applicants must recognize that "[E]ven though product-by-process claims are limited by and defined by the process, determination of patentability is based on the product itself. The patentability of a product does not depend on its method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same as or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process." In re Thorpe, 777F.2d 695, 698, 227 USPQ 964, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985).

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Conclusion

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Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to William K Cheung whose telephone number is (571) 272-1097. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 9:00AM to 2:00PM; 4:00PM to 8:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David WU can be reached on (571) 272-1114. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

William K. Cheung

Primary Examiner

February 19, 2005